

2021 Annual Water Quality Report A Consumer Confidence Report



This report contains important information about your drinking water. (Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tranúzcalo ó hable can alguien que lo enteinda bien.)

The City of Placerville and El Dorado Irrigation District (EID) take pride in the quality of water delivered to their customers. This report summarizes the test results of water samples taken by EID and City staff as required by the U. S. Department of Environmental Protection and the California Department of Public Health.

Things You Should Know About Your Drinking Water ~

- Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The term "contaminant" as used in this document refers to any substance in water, other than pure water itself that is regulated and monitored for health and aesthetic reasons. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791) or by visiting http://www.epa.gov/safewater/
- The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activities (see list at right).
- ♦ Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV / AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA / Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).
- In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. CDPH regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that must provide the same protection for public health.

website at https://www.cityofplacerville.org/ or call (530) 642-5232.

Contaminants That May Be Present In Source Water \sim

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife. Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharge, oil and gas production, mining or farming. Pesticides and herbicides, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses. Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems. Radioactive contaminants, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Please be aware that the City is not responsible for plumbing and treatment devices installed on private property. Substandard, illegal, old, improperly installed and/or improperly maintained plumbing or water treatment devices installed by others may adversely affect the water quality coming from the taps inside your home or business.

Abbreviations & Definitions used in this report:

MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs)
as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.
MCLG – Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: Set by the USEPA, The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to
health. State EPA goals are called PHG (Public Health Goals).
MRDL – Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level: The level of a disinfectant added for water treatment that may not be exceeded at the consumer's tap.
MRDLG – Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal: The level of a disinfectant added for water treatment below which there is no known or expected risk to
health. MRDLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
ND: Not detectable at testing limit.
NTU – Nephelometric Turbidity Unit: A measure of the clarity of the water. Turbidity is a measure of the cloudiness of the water.
<u>TT – Treatment Technique</u> : A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
For more information about this report or to obtain additional copies, visit the city

	Sc	urce W	ater Quality	2021 / - (El Dorado	Irrigatio	n District)	
Primary Standards - Health Based (units)	Primary MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Highest Single Measurement	Average Level	MCL Violation?	Most Recent Sampling Date	Typical Source of Constituent
Furbidity							
Highest single measurement of the Freated Surface Water (NTU)	TT = 1.0	n/a	0.21	n/a	No	2021	Soil runoff
Lowest Monthly % of Treated Surface Water Meeting NTU Requirements	11=95% 01 samples ≤ 0.3	n/a	NA	100%	No	2021	Soil runoff
Secondary Standards - Aesthetic (units)	Secondary MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Range of Detection	Average Level	MCL Violation?	Most Recent Sampling Date	Typical Source of Constituent
Chloride (mg/L)	500	n/a	3-5	4.0	No	2021	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence
Corrosivity (A.I.)	Non-corrosive	n/a	9.1-10.0	9.70	No	2021	Natural or industrially-influenced balance of hydrogen, carbon and oxygen in the water; affected by temperature and other factors
Odor-Threshold (units)	3	n/a	0-2	1	No	2021	Naturally-occurring organic materials Substances that form ions when in water;
Specific Conductance (µS/cm)	1600	n/a	41-71	54	No	2021	seawater influence
Sulfate (mg/L)	500	n/a	0-1.7	0.7	No	2021	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L) Turbidity (NTU)	1000 5	n/a n/a	34-47 0-0.12	42 0.07	No No	2021 2021	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits Soil Runoff
Other Parameters (units)	Notification Level	PHG (MCLG)	Range of Detection	Average Level	MCL Violation?	Most Recent Sampling Date	Typical Source of Constituent
Alkalinity (mg/L) Bicarbonate (mg/L)	Unregulated Unregulated	n/a n/a	11-26 11-26	20 20	n/a n/a	2021 2021	
Calcium (mg/L)	Unregulated	n/a	2-6	4	n/a	2021	
Carbonate (mg/L)	Unregulated	n/a	0-11	4	n/a	2021	
Hardness as CaCO3 (mg/L) Hardness as CaCO3 (grains/gal)	Unregulated Unregulated	n/a n/a	8-22 0.47-1.29	14 0.99	n/a n/a	2021 2021	No Know Typical Source of Constituent
Magnesium (mg/L)	Unregulated	n/a	.5-1.9	1.1	n/a	2021	
oH (pH units) Sodium (mg/L)	Unregulated Unregulated	n/a n/a	7.68-8.75	8.09 5.3	n/a n/a	2021 2021	
Sodium (mg/L)	Unregulated	n/a	5.0-5.0			2021	
Disinfection Byproduct Precursors units)	Action Level	PHG (MRDLG)	Range of Detection	Lowest 4- RAA Quarterly Average	MCL Violation?	Most Recent Sampling Date	Typical Source of Constituent
Total Organic Carbon [TOC] Filtered water (ug/L)	TT= Removal	n/a	700-2100	n/a	n/a	2021	Various natural and manmade sources
Total Organic Carbon [TOC] Removal Ratio (Actual/Required)	TT≤1.0	n/a	n/a	1.00	No	2021	Various natural and manmade sources
	City of Pla	acerville	Distributio	on System Wa	ater Qual	lity - Main S	System
Microbiological Constituents (units)	Primary MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Value		MCL Violation?	Most Recent Sampling Date	Typical Source of Constituent
Total Coliform Bacteria > 12 Samples/Month (Present / Absent)	No more than 5% positive monthly sample	(0)	No sample	s were positive	No	2021	Naturally present in the environment
Disinfection Byproducts and	Primary MCL	PHG	Range of	Highest Running Annual	MCL	Most Recent	Typical Source of Constituent
Disinfectant Residuals (units)	(MRDL)	(MRDLG)	Detection	Average (RAA)	Violation?	Sampling Date	l ypical Source of Constituent
Chlorine [as Cl ₂] (mg/L)	(4.0)	(4)	0.46-0.89	0.62	No	2021	Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment
HAA5 [Total of five Haloacetic Acids] (ug/L)	60	n/a	28.9-47.2	44	No	2021	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection
ITHMs [Total of four Frihalomethanes] (ug/L)	80	n/a	33-70	50	No	2021	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection
norganic Constituents (units)	Action Level	PHG (MCLG)	Sampe Data	90th % Level	MCL Violation?	Most Recent Sampling Date	Typical Source of Constituent
Copper (mg/L)[at the tap]	1.3	0.3	None of the 20 smaple sites collected exceeded the action level	0.17	No	2020	Internal corrosion of household plumbing system erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
_ead (ug/L)[at the tap]	15	2	None of the 20 smaple sites collected exceeded the action level	None Detected	No	2020	Internal corrosion of household plumbing system erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives